

Progression of Skills – English Writing

Skills	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Phonics/spellings	Listen to and hear	Spell - words	Phonics phase 5 –	Spell further	Spell further	Spell some words	Spell some words
(Essential Letters	the sounds in CVC,	containing each of	repeated	homophones spell	homophones spell	with 'silent' letters	with 'silent' letters
and Sounds – EYFS	CVCC and CCVC	the 40+ phonemes	-segment spoken	words that are often	words that are often	continue to	continue to
& KS2)	words Recall	Common exception	words into	misspelt (Appendix 1)	misspelt (Appendix 1)	distinguish	distinguish
	&/identify the	words	phonemes and			between	between
	taught GPCs (the	- the days of the	represent these by			homophones and	homophones and
	letters that	week	graphemes			other words which	other words which
	represent the	- name the letters of	 knowing many new 			are often confused	are often confused
	sounds) (including	the alphabet in	ways of spelling			use knowledge of	use knowledge of
	some digraphs) on a	order	phonemes for which			morphology and	morphology and
	grapheme mat and	- use letter names to	1 or more spellings			etymology in	etymology in
	use this when	distinguish between	are already known -			spelling	spelling
	writing	alternative spellings	learn some words			understand that	understand that
	Spell some taught	of the same sound	with each spelling,			the spelling of	the spelling of
	common exception/	-spell words with	including a few			some words needs	some words needs
	high frequency and	simple	common			to be learnt	to be learnt
	familiar words	phoneme/grapheme	homophones			specifically, as	specifically, as
		correspondence	-spell common			listed in Appendix 1	listed in Appendix 1
		- make phonetically	exception words				
		plausible attempts	-distinguish between				
		at writing longer	homophones and				
		words using	near-homophones				
		dominant					
		phonemes and					
		common grapheme					
		representations					
Other word		Use the spelling rule	Possessive	Use further prefixes	Use further prefixes	Use further prefixes	Use further
building		for adding –s or –es	apostrophe	and suffixes and	and suffixes and	and suffixes and	prefixes and
			(singular) Spell more	understand how to	understand how to	understand the	suffixes and
		Use the prefix un-	words with	add them	add them	guidance for adding	understand the
		use –ing, –ed, –er	contracted forms	Place the possessive	Place the possessive	them	guidance for adding
		and –est where no	Add suffixes to spell	apostrophe accurately	apostrophe accurately	Use dictionaries to	them
		change is needed	longer words,	in words with regular	in words with regular	check the spelling	Use dictionaries to
			including –ment, –	plurals and in words	plurals and in words	and meaning of	check the spelling
		In the spelling of	ness, –ful, –less, –ly	with irregular plurals	with irregular plurals	words	and meaning of
		root words apply	Show awareness of	Use the first 2 or 3	Use the first 2 or 3	Use the first 3 or 4	words
		simple spelling rules	silent letters in	letters of a word to	letters of a word to	letters of a word to	Use the first 3 or 4
			spelling e.g. knight,			check spelling,	letters of a word to

		and guidance from Appendix 1	Apply spelling rules and guidelines from Appendix 1	check its spelling in a dictionary	check its spelling in a dictionary	meaning or both of these in a dictionary	check spelling, meaning or both of these in a dictionary
Transcription		Write from memory simple sentences dictated by the teacher that include words using the GPCs and common exception words	Write from memory simple sentences dictated by the teacher that include words using the GPCs and common exception words	Write from memory simple sentences dictated by the teacher that include words using the GPCs and common exception words	Write from memory simple sentences dictated by the teacher that include words using the GPCs and common exception words		
Handwriting	Develop their fine motor skills so that they can use a range of tools competently, safely and confidently Develop the foundations of a handwriting style which is fast, accurate and efficient Form lower- case and capital letters correctly Know how to write the taught letters	taught so far Sit correctly at a table, holding a pencil comfortably and correctly Begin to form lower- case letters in the correct direction, starting and finishing in the right place form capital letters Form digits 0-9 understand which letters belong to which handwriting 'families' and to practise these Produce recognisable letters and words to convey meaning	taught so far Form lower-case letters of the correct size relative to one another Start using some of the diagonal and horizontal strokes needed to join letters and understand which letters, when adjacent to one another, are best left unjoined Write capital letters and digits of the correct size, orientation and relationship to one another and to lower-case letters	taught so far use the diagonal and horizontal strokes that are needed to join letters and understand which letters, when adjacent to one another, are best left unjoined Increase the legibility, consistency and quality of their handwriting	taught so far Use the diagonal and horizontal strokes that are needed to join letters and understand which letters, when adjacent to one another, are best left unjoined Increase the legibility, consistency and quality of their handwriting	Choose which shape of a letter to use when given choices and deciding whether or not to join specific letters Choose the writing implement that is best suited for a task	Choose which shape of a letter to use when given choices and deciding whether or not to join specific letters Choose the writing implement that is best suited for a task
		another person can read writing with some mediation	Use spacing between words that reflects the size of the letters				
Context for writing	Write for a range of purposes and use different writing structures to match the type of writing	Write narratives about personal experiences and those of others (real and fictional)	Write narratives about personal experiences and those of others (real and fictional)	Discuss writing similar to that which they are planning to write in order to understand and learn from its	Discuss writing similar to that which they are planning to write in order to understand and learn from its	Identify the audience for and purpose of the writing, selecting the appropriate	Identify the audience for and purpose of the writing, selecting the appropriate

	For example, writing			structure, vocabulary	structure, vocabulary	form and using	form and using
	a list, instructions, a	Write about real	Write about real	and grammar	and grammar	other similar	other similar
	card, a recipe or a	events	events			writing as models	writing as models
	story					for their own in	for their own in
	Several sentences	Write poetry	Write poetry			writing narratives	writing narratives
	may be written					Consider how	Consider how
	which begin with a	Write for different	Write for different			authors have	authors have
	capital letter and	purposes	purposes			developed	developed
	end with a full stop					characters and	characters and
	Writing can be read					settings in what	settings in what
	and understood by					pupils have read,	pupils have read,
	others					listened to or seen	listened to or seen
						performed	performed
Planning for writing	Think of, say and	Say out loud what	Plan or say out loud	Discuss and record	Discuss and record	Note and develop	Note and develop
	write a simple	they are going to	what they are going	ideas	ideas	initial ideas,	initial ideas,
	sentence,	write about	to write about	Compose and	Compose and	drawing on reading	drawing on reading
	sometimes using a	Compose a sentence		rehearse sentences	rehearse sentences	and research where	and research
	capital letter and full	orally before writing		orally (including	orally (including	necessary	where necessary
	stop	it		dialogue)progressively	dialogue)progressively		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	Talk about and			building a varied and	building a varied and		
	respond to stories			rich vocabulary and	rich vocabulary and		
	(rhymes and songs)			an increasing range of	an increasing range of		
	with actions,			sentence structures	sentence structures		
	recalling key events						
	and innovating e.g						
	character, settings,						
	object						
	Talk about elements						
	of a topic using						
	newly introduced						
	vocabulary and						
	extending sentences						
	using a range of						
	conjunctions to offer						
	extra explanation						
	and detail with						
	correct tenses						
Drafting for writing	To think of, say and	Sequence	Write down ideas	organise paragraphs	organise paragraphs	Select appropriate	
	write a simple	sentences to form	and/or key words,	around a theme in	around a theme in	grammar and	
	sentence,	short narratives	including new	narratives	narratives	vocabulary,	
	sometimes using a	Short harratives	vocabulary	Create settings,	Create settings,	Understanding how	
	C C		encapsulate what	characters and plot in	characters and plot in	such choices can	

	capital latter and full		thou want to cou	non parrativa	non narrativa	change and	
	capital letter and full		they want to say,	non-narrative	non-narrative		
	stop		sentence by	material	material	enhance meaning	
			sentence	Use simple	Use simple	in narratives	
				organisational devices	organisational devices	Describe settings,	
				(headings &	(headings &	characters and	
				subheadings)	subheadings)	atmosphere and	
						integrate dialogue	
						to convey character	
						and advance the	
						action précising	
						longer passages	
						Use a wide range of	
						devices to build	
						cohesion within	
						and across	
						paragraphs	
						Use further	
						organisational and	
						presentational	
						, devices to structure	
						text and to guide	
						the reader	
Editing for writing	To check written	Re-read what they	Evaluate their	Assess the	Assess the	Assess the	
	work by reading and	have written to	writing with the	effectiveness of their	effectiveness of their	effectiveness of	
	make changes where	check that it makes	teacher and other	own and others'	own and others'	their own and	
	necessary	sense	pupils	writing and suggest	writing and suggest	others' writing	
		Discuss what they	Re-read to check	improvements	improvements	Propose changes to	
		have written with	that their writing	propose changes to	propose changes to	vocabulary,	
		the teacher or other	makes sense and	grammar and	grammar and	grammar and	
		pupils	that verbs to	vocabulary to improve	vocabulary to improve	punctuation to	
		pupils	indicate time are	consistency, including	consistency, including	enhance effects	
			used correctly and	the accurate use of	the accurate use of	and clarify meaning	
			consistently,	pronouns in	pronouns in	ensure the	
			including verbs in	sentences	sentences	consistent and	
			the continuous form			correct use of tense	
			Proofread to check	Proofread for spelling	Proofread for spelling		
				and punctuation	and punctuation	throughout a piece	
			for errors in spelling,	errors	errors	of writing	
			grammar and			Ensure correct	
			punctuation			subject and verb	
						agreement when	
						using singular and	
						plural,	

Performing for writing Grammar	Think of, say and write a simple sentence, sometimes using a capital letter and full stop To make writing exciting using wow	Read their writing aloud clearly enough to be heard by their peers and the teacher Use regular plural noun suffixes (-s, -	Read aloud what they have written with appropriate intonation to make the meaning clear Use coordination (using or, and, or	Read their own writing aloud, to a group or the whole class, using appropriate intonation and controlling the tone and volume so that the meaning is clear Use the present perfect form of verbs	Read their own writing aloud, to a group or the whole class, using appropriate intonation and controlling the tone and volume so that the meaning is clear use the present perfect form of verbs	distinguishing between the language of speech and writing Proofread for spelling and punctuation errors Perform their own compositions, using appropriate intonation, volume, and movement so that meaning is clear use the perfect form of verbs to	Perform their own compositions, using appropriate intonation, volume, and movement so that meaning is clear recognise vocabulary and
	words (adjectives) To begin to know sentences can be extended using a joining word (conjunction)	es) Use verb suffixes where root word is unchanged (-ing, - ed, -er) Use the un- prefix to change meaning of adjectives/adverbs combine words to make sentences, including using and sequence sentences	but) Use commas in lists Use sentences with different forms: statement, question, exclamation, command Use subordination (using when, if, that, or because) Use apostrophes for omission & singular	in contrast to the past tense form Use the correct form of 'a' or 'an' Use word families based on common words (solve, solution, dissolve, insoluble) Use fronted adverbials Use conjunctions, adverbs and	in contrast to the past tense form nouns using prefixes use the correct form of 'a' or 'an' use word families based on common words (solve, solution, dissolve, insoluble) use a wide range of fronted adverbials correctly punctuated use a wide range of	mark relationships of time and cause use relative clauses beginning with who, which, where, when, whose, that or with an implied (ie omitted) relative pronoun convert nouns or adjectives into verbs use verb prefixes use devices	structures that are appropriate for formal speech and writing, including subjunctive forms use passive verbs to affect the presentation of information in a sentence use the perfect form of verbs to mark
		to form short narratives Separate of words with spaces Use sentence demarcation (. ! ?) Use capital letters for names and pronoun 'I')	possession Use the present and past tenses correctly and consistently including the progressive form Use extended simple sentences e.g. including adverbs and adjectives to add interest use some features of	prepositions to express time and cause learn Use and understand the grammatical terminology in English Appendix 2 accurately and appropriately when discussing their writing and reading	conjunctions, adverbs and prepositions to express time and cause. Learn, use and understand the grammatical terminology in English Appendix 2 accurately and appropriately when discussing their writing and reading.	to build cohesion, including adverbials of time, place and number	relationships of time and cause understand and use differences in informal and formal language understand synonyms & Antonyms use further cohesive devices such as grammatical

			written Standard				connections and
			English				adverbials use of
			Use and understand				ellipsis
			grammatical				
			terminology when				
			discussing writing				
Punctuation	Think of, say and write a simple sentence, sometimes using a capital letter and full stop	Begin to punctuate sentences using a capital letter and a full stop, question mark or exclamation mark Use a capital letter for names of people, places, the days of the week, and the personal pronoun 'l'	Develop understanding by learning how to use familiar and new punctuation correctly: Full stops and capital letters and question marks Use sentence demarcation CL . ? Exclamation marks and commas in a list Apostrophes for	Use commas after fronted adverbials Indicate possession by using the possessive apostrophe with singular and plural nouns use and punctuate direct speech (including punctuation within and surrounding inverted commas)	Use commas after fronted adverbials indicate possession by using the possessive apostrophe with singular and plural nouns Use and punctuate direct speech (including punctuation within and surrounding inverted commas)	Use commas to clarify meaning or avoid ambiguity in writing Use brackets, dashes or commas to indicate parenthesis	Use hyphens to avoid ambiguity use semicolons, colons or dashes to mark boundaries between independent clauses Use a colon to introduce a list punctuating bullet points consistently
			contracted form and for possession		·····,		
Vocabulary	Talk about and	Leave spaces	Use expanded noun	Extend the range of	Extend the range of	Use a thesaurus	Use a thesaurus
	respond to stories	between words, join	phrases to describe	sentences with more	sentences with more	use expanded noun	use expanded noun
	(rhymes and songs)	words and joining	and specify attempt	than one clause by	than one clause by	phrases to convey	phrases to convey
	with actions,	clauses using "and"	some varied vocab	using a wider range of	using a wider range of	complicated	complicated
	recalling key events	Use familiar	and use some varied	conjunctions,	conjunctions,	information	information
	and innovating	adjectives to add	sentence openings	including when, if,	including when, if,	concisely use	concisely use
	(alternate aspect)	detail e.g. red apple,	e.g. time	because, although	because, although	modal verbs or	modal verbs or
	Talk about elements	bad wolf	connectives	choose nouns or	choose nouns or	adverbs to indicate	adverbs to indicate
	of a topic using			pronouns	pronouns	degrees of	degrees of
	newly introduced			appropriately for	appropriately for	possibility	possibility
	vocabulary and			clarity and cohesion	clarity and cohesion		
	extending sentences using a range of			and to avoid	and to avoid		
	conjunctions to offer			repetition	repetition		
	extra explanation						
	and detail with						
	correct tenses						
Grammatical	Letter, capital letter,	Letter, capital letter,	Noun, noun phrase,	Adverb, preposition,	Determiner, pronoun	Modal verb,	Subject, object,
terminology	word, sentence, full	word, singular,	statement, question,	conjunction, word	possessive, pronoun	relative pronoun,	active, passive,
	stop	plural, sentence,	exclamation,	family, prefix, clause,	adverbial	relative clause,	synonym, antonym,
		punctuation- full	command,	subordinate clause,,		parenthesis	ellipsis, hyphen,

	st	top, question mark,	compound,	direct speech	bracket, dash,	colon, semi-colon,
	e	exclamation mark	adjective,, verb	consonant, consonant	cohesion ambiguity	bullet points
			suffix, adverb, tense	letter, vowel, vowel		
			(past, present)	letter, inverted		
			apostrophe, comma	commas (or 'speech		
				marks')		